## Algebra III Final (Example) ${ }^{1}$

1. Let $R$ be a commutative ring. Suppose that the ideals of $R$ are only $\{0\}$ and $R$. Show that $R$ is a field.
2. Let $L$ be an extension field of $K$.
(a) Let $\alpha \in L$. Write the definition that $\alpha$ is algebraic over $K$.
(b) Show that all elements of $K$ are algebraic over $K$.
(c) Give an element of the complex number field $\boldsymbol{C}$ that is algebraic over the rational number field $\boldsymbol{Q}$ but not in $\boldsymbol{Q}$, and show that it is actually algebraic over $\boldsymbol{Q}$.
3. Let $L=\boldsymbol{Q}(\sqrt{5}, \sqrt{7})$ be a subfield of $\boldsymbol{C}$.
(a) Show that $L$ is a simple extension of $\boldsymbol{Q}$, i.e., there is an element $\alpha \in L$ such that $L=\boldsymbol{Q}(\alpha)$.
(b) Show that $(L: \boldsymbol{Q})=4$.
(c) Show that all elements of $L$ are algebraic over $\boldsymbol{Q}$.
(d) Let $\sigma$ be an automorphism of $L$.
i. Show that $\sigma(a)=a$ for all $a \in \boldsymbol{Q}$.
ii. Show that either $\sigma(\sqrt{5})=\sqrt{5}$ or $\sigma(\sqrt{5})=-\sqrt{5}$
(e) Show that there is an automorphism $\tau$ of $\boldsymbol{Q}(\sqrt{5})$ such that $\tau(\sqrt{5})=-\sqrt{5}$.
(f) Show that there is an automorphism $\sigma$ of $L$ such that $\sigma(\sqrt{5})=-\sqrt{5}$ and $\sigma(\sqrt{7})=\sqrt{7}$.
(g) Show that $L$ is a normal extension of $\boldsymbol{Q}$.
(h) Determine $\operatorname{Gal}(L / \boldsymbol{Q})$.
(i) Determine all subfields of $L$.
4. Let $K=\boldsymbol{Z} / 2 \boldsymbol{Z}$ be a field with two elements.
(a) Let $f \in K[t]$.
i. Write the definition that $f$ is irreducible over $K$.
ii. Find all irreducible polynomials in $K[t]$ of degree at most four and show that they are actually all irreducible polynomials of degree at most four.
(b) Show that there is an extension field $L$ of $K$ with 16 elements. Let $L$ be such a field in the following problems.
(c) Show that $x+x=0$ for all $x \in L$.
(d) Let $\alpha: L \rightarrow L\left(x \mapsto x^{2}\right)$. Show that $\alpha$ is an automorphism of $L$.
(e) Determine $\operatorname{Gal}(L / K)$.
(f) Determine all subfields of $L$.
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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ This is based on Final 2002

